

# JACKSON COUNTY SENTINEL

VOL. 20. No. 34

GAINESBORO, TENN., THURSDAY, AUG. 22, 1918

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

## BIG FIGHT WILL BE OVER BY SEPTEMBER, '19.

### American Army's Answer To Queries From Folk At Home.

With the American Army in France, Aug. 19.—Because the army gets in letters from home every day, the query, "When will the war be over?" I will try to give the army's answer.

It seems to be the consensus of the best informed army circles that the war will be over next year. While speculation differs as to the exact time. I have often heard the month of September mentioned as the time when the Germans will probably have had enough.

No one seriously expects a decision this year. General March has stated his belief that an American force of 4,000,000 men under one commander-in-chief can penetrate the German line when and where it pleases. That is perfectly true, but to make such a penetration on a large sector in ending the war, we must have many times the troops that it would take to make the initial hole, to widen it and to deepen it, and to make it secure enough to bring a decision.

Now the German affective strength is being worn down by constantly repeated allied attacks all along the front. Of course, during the winter months, when fighting ceases of, both sides will replenish their combat forces as best possible. The German high command will have perhaps 600,000 recruits for that purpose, while the allied high command will have 2,000,000 or more Americans, in addition to recruits. Who can doubt the relative ability of the two sides when they face each other next spring?

I repeat that it is the best of belief of the American army that six months after next spring's effort starts the Germans may be defeated.

While the German is still a formidable foe, those in our army who have the best information say he has shot his bolt. The allied task in March was to hold the Germans until cold weather hampered active military operations. That task has been so well done that the enemy not only is held, but is on the defensive everywhere on the western front. Having completed this year's task at least two or perhaps three months before the fighting season is over, the allied command is now carrying out a plan to weaken the enemy as much as practicable, so he will be able to oppose that much less resistance to the allied victory drive in 1919.

I find that the idea that the war will continue at least another year has spread among the French people, and the condition has been completely accepted. This does not mean at all that they will not hold fast if it takes longer. At present they are resigned to another year of war, if it takes longer, they will resign themselves to as much time as is necessary, for no longer is the final outcome doubted.

Certainly no one doubts that the British will hold on, and, as for the Americans—they are only beginning. It is felt that there will be poor soils in the lands of the allies for pacifist seed in the next year. Certainly there is no

## Military Registrars Appointed For Jackson County.

Pursuant to instructions of the Executive offices of the state of Tennessee, and by authority vested in us by S. S. R. the following chief registrars are hereby appointed to hold a registration at the various voting precincts in Jackson county, Tennessee on a date and under instructions hereafter to be named and given:

Dist.	Registrar.
1st.	G. B. Settle.
2nd.	A. McCawley
3rd.	J. L. McCarver.
4th.	H. L. Sadler.
5th.	Chas. Brown.
6th.	G. W. Gentry.
7th.	H. B. Brown.
8th.	Am Hamilton.
9th.	J. M. Smith.
10th.	J. H. Cummins.
11th.	H. L. Baugh.
12th.	J. W. Fox.
13th.	Ewin Hall.
14th.	O. G. Fox.
15th.	Henry Hall.

Assistant registrars wherever required may be appointed by the above named chief registrars. In the event a chief registrar is within the age limit, he must register before an assistant, who can fill out his card.

Proper instructions and equipment will be furnished each of the above named chief registrars in due time.

This August 10, 1918.  
Local Board Jackson County, Tenn., by P. J. Anderson, Chm.

## Red Cross Organize Class in Surgical Dressing.

We are soon to have an instructor on Surgical Dressing, and our headquarters will be in the corner room over the postoffice in the L. C. Quarles building. Each student must be provided with white aprons and white caps.

We want to make this class a large one. The instructions are free to all. Probably some of our school girls want to do their bit, also those who live out of town.

The following have registered as pupils:

Mrs. D. C. Morgan, Mrs. E. W. Tardy, Mrs. O. P. Gentry, Mrs. Frank Gailbreath, Mrs. F. L. Tardy, Mrs. B. L. Quarles, Mrs. H. L. McDearman, Mrs. Minnie McDearman, Mrs. L. B. Anderson, Mrs. J. H. Stafford, Misses Ada Dudley, Allene McDearman, Blanche Tinsley, Lalla Mai Quarles, Dorothy Anderson.

Yours Respt.  
Mrs. L. B. Anderson,  
Supervisor of Surgical Dressing.

## Food Administrations Rules

For any information in regard to United States Food Administration Rules call C. C. Gore, Assistant Food Administrator, Gainesboro, Tenn. Both phones.

field in the Entente armies, and because it is the freshest, there is the least of all in the American army.

When the answer to our army as to when the war will end is that it probably will be over by September of next year. If it takes longer to whip the enemy why, so much more complete the job will be.—Edwin L. James in Courier-Journal. (Copyright by New York Times Co.)

## JACKSON COUNTY BOYS "WITH THE COLORS"

KILLS SEVEN GERMANS.

The following letter from B. L. Reid, who is serving with the Canadian army in France, was written to his grand-father, J. L. Deweese, who until recently lived at Granville, but at present is living at Fountainhead, Tenn.

Dear Grandad:  
Just a few lines to let you know that I received your letter and it needless to say I was very glad to hear from you.

I hope you will excuse my delay in answering, but you know we have been so busy straffing the Boche lately that we have had no time for anything else.

We are in the trenches now and I am snatching a few minutes in which to write this letter. The next time I write you I will endeavor to send you a souvenir, if I can get one. But as know Fritz may get me first, but not if I see him coming.

This old war gets better every day, and I guess its the best old war that I was ever mixed up in. You can tell the boys in the training camp that they don't know what they are missing.

I suppose you have been wondering how many Germans I have killed since I have been out, or if any. So far as I know I have only killed seven. I got them at Vimy Ridge. I got two of them with the bayonet and five with a machine gun.

Brother Charlie is in England at present trying for his commission in the Royal Flying Corps and the last time I heard from him he was getting along fine. Suppose he has written you by this time.

Will close for this time. Your affectionate grandson.

B. L. Reid,  
12th Can. S. T. M. B.  
Brittish E. F.  
No. 239696.

Jim Kinnard Enjoying Army Life in France.  
Somewhere in France.

Dear Brother:  
I am alright and doing fine. Getting plenty to eat and have a good camp.

France is a beautiful country. Looks almost like a park. Crops look fine, and you wouldn't think this country to be at war.

I have had a fine trip and have seen many sights.

You must write me often and tell me all the happenings, I will be anxious to hear from you. If you don't hear from me so often you can write me just the same.

Don't worry about me as I am alright. Take care of yourself, and I will do the same.

Give my love to all, and don't fail to write soon and often.

Your brother,  
Jim Kinnard.  
Co. E. 117 Inf.

Corporal Wm. Whetstone Well Satisfied.  
Somewhere in France.  
May 12, 1918.

Dearest Mother and Father:  
This is Sunday and also "Mother Day," back in the States, so the A. E. F. is delivering our mail, as if it was in peace time.

I am well and satisfied. The weather is warm and everything is in full bloom. Alfalfa is most ready to harvest and there is a good crop of it everywhere I have been. Gardens were green when I first arrived and was equal to yours. You can imagine how they look. Onions are different here than what you raise. They have big flat tops and wide blades. To see them you would hardly

know they were onions, and the only way you can tell is by the odor.

I suppose you know our mail is censored and we are not allowed to write anything about our whereabouts or what we are doing. We are always anxious to hear from home and will write as often as possible. Everything is done for our comfort and you need not worry one minute about me. Hoping to hear from you soon I close.

Your son,  
Wm. Whetstone,  
Co. G. 61 U. S. Inf.

## JOE C. TINSLEY DEEPLY IMPRESSED WITH WORK OF RED CROSS.

Camp Devens, Mass.  
Base Hospital 76,  
Aug. 14, 1918.

Jackson County Sentinel,

Dear Editor:

I have been intending to write you some camp news since my arrival at Camp Devens. I have been here since the 1st. of this month and must say that I am well pleased with the location. This contentment is modern in every detail, and well equipped for all kind of military service.

On my way from the south I had an opportunity of seeing The Red Cross in actual service. It is wonderful indeed what the women are doing through this organization. All along the way they met our train, giving us things to eat, such as coffee, candy, wax, apples, etc. and supplying us with postals to write home. At one station I handed a lady a postal to mail, she said "don't stamp it we will attend to that." I mention this just to show the spirit they manifested. I believe if the German people could see the spirit of sacrifice and devotion that is following the flower of American manhood across the seas, that they would stack arms and stop their merciless and inhuman slaughter of humanity. You cannot know the inspiration of this conflict until you go through the country and see such an aroused people. It thrilled every fibre of my being when I saw an old woman upon whose brow the twilight shades had already descended, waving her service flag, and I thought that after all the conflict is not in vain. My prayer is that the Stars and Stripes will wave on the western front until peace shall be guaranteed to a once free and happy people, and through the minds eye, I see a world emerging from the shackles of autocracy, carrying the torch of liberty to little nations, and to those who are not able to help themselves.

I send greetings and best wishes to my friends throughout the good county of Jackson, and hope to meet them again face to face.

Sincerely Yours,  
J. C. Tinsley.

War Notice.  
All men in Jackson county who have become 21 years of age since June 5th are hereby notified to come forward and register on August 24th between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 a. m., at courthouse, Gainesboro.

This registration must not be confused with the larger registration to be held on Sept 5th.

Respectfully,  
P. J. Anderson,  
Chm. Local Board.

## An Opportunity For Women To Serve As Nurses.

Realizing that there many thousands of women in this country who, stimulated by patriotic motives, are earnestly desirous of an opportunity to serve in this emergency, I desire to point out that one of the highest types of service is in assisting in the care of the sick and the wounded.

The way is now open for such service. An Army School of Nursing, under the direction of the Army Medical Department, has been created, and branch training schools will be established in many of the military hospitals in the United States. It is proposed to admit young women between the ages of 21 and 35 years who have advantages of a high-school education or its equivalent. The training will be similar to that given in the best hospital training schools. This not only offers an excellent training, but also the opportunity of service which is so earnestly sought by the women of the country.

There is a demand over our State for an enrollment in the United States Students Nurse Reserve. Tennessee is expected to furnish its quota. This call is to you and me. There are quite a number of young ladies from 19 to 35 in our county ready and anxious to be of assistance in this emergency, so let us show our courage, patriotism and gratitude by volunteering for hospital service, either at home or abroad.

At a later date leaflets of information will be furnished the Recruiting Agent in her district.

Yours Respt.  
Mrs. L. B. Anderson,  
County Chairman National Council of Defense.

## The German View of Christianity.

Frederich Wilhelm Nietzsche was one of the most noted of modern German philosophers. How much has his philosophy affected the views and character of the Germans of to-day? Is not the answer written in the blood of the women and children, the old men of occupied France and Belgium? Are not the Lusitania victims witnesses to German adoption of Nietzsche's faith?

Here is the indictment of Christianity.

"With this I conclude, and pronounce my sentence: I condemn Christianity. To me it is the greatest of all imaginable corruptions. The church is the great parasite; with its anemic idea of holiness it drains life of all its strength, its love, and its hope. The other world is the motive for the denial of every reality. I call Christianity the one great curse, the one great intrinsic depravity, the one great instinct of revenge, for which no expedient is sufficiently poisonous, secret, underhand, to gain its ends. I call it the one immortal shame and blemish upon the human race.

## Church Notice.

Rev. Matthews will preach Sunday, Aug. 25, 11 a. m.

Sunday School meets at New Bethel church every Sunday at 10 A. M. Preaching service at 11 A. M.

Beginning September 4, Rev. Adams will hold a series of meetings at the New Bethel church.

Rev. Adams comes to us highly recommended by Rev. J. H. Miller, of Lebanon, Tenn., who is Supt. Home Missions, Cumberland Mountain Presbytery.  
V. E. Coapman.

## YOUNG MEN TO REGISTER SATURDAY, AUG. 24.

Applies To Those Who Have Become 21 Since June 5th This Year.

The War Department authorizes the following from the office of the Provost Marshal General:

The President has issued a proclamation calling for the registration, on August 24, 1918, of all young men in the United States who have reached the age of 21 years since June 5, 1918, or shall have reached that age on or before August 24.

This registration should not be confused with the larger registration which must be undertaken after Congress has acted on the legislation now pending increasing the age limits.

The enrollment on August 24 is made necessary by the fact that men are being sent to the training camps so rapidly that class 1 is practically exhausted and must be replenished to meet the calls for September.

On the basis of the registration on June 5 last of those who had become 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, it is estimated that approximately 150,000 will have reached that age between June 5, 1918 and August 24, 1918. Of this number, judging by previous experience; something over 50 per cent should be available for class I.

Telegraphic instructions have been sent by Provost Marshal General to the draft officials in the various States and the District of Columbia directing that local boards be asked to arrange at once for a sufficient number of registration offices and to give public notice as soon as possible of the locations selected.

It is strongly urged that all the young men who will be affected by this registration ascertain from their local boards or from the local boards of the towns where they should apply for registration. Those unable, on account of sickness, to register in person may deputize responsible persons to register for them.

It will not be necessary to hold another drawing in Washington to determine the order of liability to service of those who will register August 24. The same method will be followed as that adopted for belated registrants whose names went on the books after June 5, last. In other words, advantage will be taken of the fact that enough numbers were drawn in the official drawing of June 27, 1918, to fix the order of liability, not only for all who are expected to be enrolled on August 24. Altogether 1,200 numbers were drawn at that time, although the total number of registrants in any one registration district on June 5 and did not exceed two-thirds of that number. Thus one-third of these numbers are available for distribution among the new registrants.

This distribution will be made by The Adjutant General or draft executive in each of the registration districts under his jurisdiction, copies of all registration cards, with blank spaces for the numbers, having been furnished him. He will pick the available numbers at random and assign them according to the order in which he takes up the registration cards. When a registrant has thus received his number he will be able, by reference to the official drawing of June 27, 1918, to which he will have access, to determine the order in which he will be called.